## imglocate

# Locate objects in images and write annotations of detected objects as TSV

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## imglocate

imglocate is a Python 3 script/module that uses OpenCV libraries to detect objects in images and writes annotations in tab-separated values (TSV) text files.

### Problem

How to search for possible objects contained in images in a à la Unix?

#### Related works

- Tesseract from images to text, but OCR
- Luminoth (now unmaintained) several dependencies, JSON as output
- AWS CLI (via aws rekognition detect-labels) images can be passed as local file (prefixing them via fileb://, base64-encoded bytes or S3 objects, JSON as output, processed via Amazon Web Services

#### Contributions

#### Provide a simple tool that:

- can be easily scripted to annotate an arbitrary number of images
- write annotations as simple text files that can be easily processed via Unix tools
- search detected objects via annotations

#### Installation

- Checkout the source code via Git:
  - % git clone https://github.com/iamleot/imglocate.git
- Install OpenCV from a package system or (for supported platforms) the unofficial pre-built OpenCV package opencv-python from PyPI:
  - % pip install opencv-python==3.4.10.35
- The script is completely standalone and can be installed to e.g. /usr/local/bin via:
  - # install -m 0755 imglocate.py /usr/local/bin/imglocate

# Configuration

Before imglocate can be used a configuration file should be written as ~/.imglocaterc.

weights path to the deep learning networks weights <sup>1</sup>
config path to the deep learning networks configuration
labels path to the labels of the classes returned by the deep
learning network (one label per line)

confidence \_threshold confidence threshold nms\_threshold Non-Maximum Suppression (NMS) threshold

```
[imglocate]
weights = ~/.imglocate/yolov3.weights
config = ~/.imglocate/yolov3.cfg
labels = ~/.imglocate/yolov3.labels
confidence_threshold = 0.2
nms_threshold = 0.3
```

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Frameworks supported are the ones supported by OpenCV Deep Neural Network module (dnn), at the time of writing: Caffe, TensorFlow, Torch, Darknet, DLDT, ONNX.

## Usage

imglocate supports two subcommands: annotate and search. By default it uses ~/.imglocaterc as its configuration file but this can be override via the -c option. The -v option can be passed several times to increase verbose level.

```
% imglocate -h
usage: imglocate [-h] [-c config_file] [-v] {annotate, search} ...
Locate objects in images
positional arguments:
  {annotate, search} action
    annotate
                     annotate images
                     search annotated images
    search
optional arguments:
  -h, --help
                     show this help message and exit
  -c config_file
                     configuration file
                     logging level
  -v
```

# Usage: annotating images

Given one or more images, detect objects in them, write annotations of detected objects as text with the same file name of the image but appending a .txt suffix (if it was not previously annotated or -f option was used).

#### Annotation format

The annotation is a text file (TSV: tab-separated values) with 0 (if no object was detected) or more lines, each of them corresponding to an object detected and each of them with six fields separated by a tab character:

```
label class label of detected object

confidence confidence

x x coordinates of the bounding box (top-left point)

y y coordinates of the bounding box (top-left point)

width width of the bounding box

height height of the bounding box
```

# Usage: searching detected objects in annotated images

Given one or more previously annotated images and a label, search for the label in the corresponding annotations files and print all images matching the label.

#### Examples

Download all the images from the 'Eggleston Art Foundation' homepage:

```
% wget -np -nd -r -A "*.jpg" \
    "http://egglestonartfoundation.org/"
```

Annotate all downloaded images in parallel via find(1) and xargs(1):

```
% find . -name '*.jpg' -print0 |
    xargs -0 -n 6 -P 4 imglocate annotate
```

Search for all annotated images where a car was detected:

```
% imglocate search car *.jpg
1296-04R EGL P_P9A NEW GENERATION.jpg
karco.jpg
man-woman-walking-opposite-directions.jpg
yellow-building.jpg
```

## More advanced example

➤ Search for all annotated images where 2 or more people are present:

```
% awk -F '\t' ' \
$1 == "person" { a[FILENAME]++ } \
END { \
    for (i in a) { \
        if (a[i] >= 2) { \
            print substr(i, 1, length(i) - 4) \
        } \
    } \
}' *.txt
boy-in-chair.jpg
dolls.jpg
man-woman-walking-opposite-directions.jpg
```



1296-04R EGL P\_P9A NEW GENERATION.jpg

car 0.99571 80 529 655 172 car 0.94944 345 6 289 129



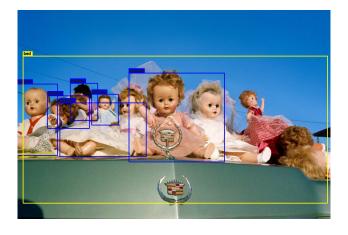
boy-in-chair.jpg

person 0.98806 312 589 163 424 diningtable 0.88059 -2 941 406 254 person 0.79687 621 531 180 542 bowl 0.21815 103 994 84 50 book 0.20355 698 733 65 38



cocktail.jpg

person 0.77619 499 457 305 473
cup 0.56096 301 636 173 232
spoon 0.26322 345 561 248 224



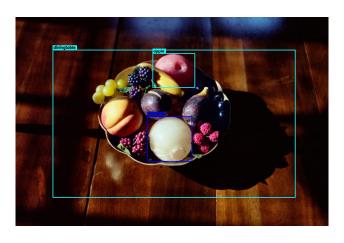
dolls.jpg

```
person 0.86000 427 241 366 340
person 0.84039 -2 283 155 273
person 0.71829 202 280 105 142
person 0.49095 162 355 331 206
person 0.46419 284 322 102 118
person 0.25174 115 328 160 125
bed 0.23555 21 176 1167 563
```



eudoras-kitchen.jpg

refrigerator 0.91400 -3 319 44 598 diningtable 0.73617 71 585 514 457 bottle 0.61059 486 606 38 86 bottle 0.33848 398 609 29 65



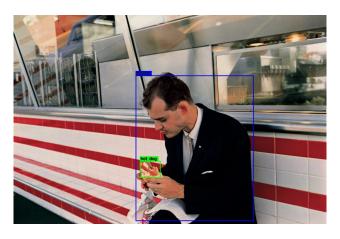
fruit.jpg

apple 0.36425 526 139 161 130 diningtable 0.24941 143 126 929 564 banana 0.23542 506 381 170 171



glider.jpg

person 0.99920 508 89 233 652 sofa 0.97783 145 132 913 566



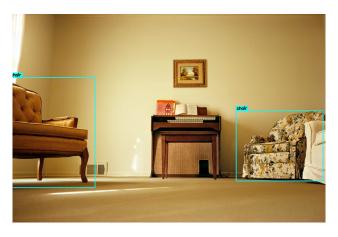
hamburger.jpg

person 0.99930 469 232 450 555 hot dog 0.22363 485 559 77 63



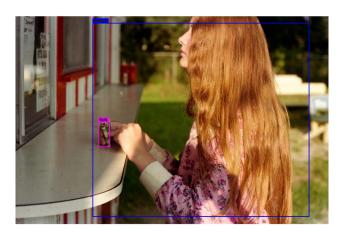
karco.jpg

car 0.96579 187 662 291 95 car 0.86057 -11 510 287 275



keyboard.jpg

chair 0.98876 -9 243 325 423 chair 0.83688 857 371 333 269



long-hair.jpg

person 0.99979 296 27 829 742 fork 0.36005 319 407 42 94



man-standing-in-field.jpg

person 0.99967 545 239 391 1185 tie 0.91748 706 471 55 135



man-woman-walking-opposite-directions.jpg

person 0.99984 539 68 412 743 person 0.99753 138 71 328 705 handbag 0.97554 299 414 218 233 car 0.97361 390 87 84 55 car 0.91132 532 80 51 33 car 0.87065 1045 71 157 87 car 0.74787 581 70 66 59



motel-bed.jpg

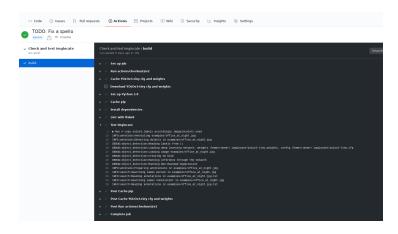
bed 0.99206 601 474 599 323 chair 0.92882 4 539 411 255



yellow-building.jpg

```
truck 0.96411 417 830 726 393 car 0.53191 4 925 26 32 car 0.51531 15 923 53 35 bus 0.36618 1305 53 188 1326 car 0.29218 176 924 30 38 car 0.20940 139 927 38 21 car 0.20504 49 921 39 29
```

# Continuous Integration (CI)



Screenshot of logs of imglocate action for CI

## Benchmarks and accuracy

- On a machine running NetBSD/amd64 -current (9.99.64) and pkgsrc-current (opencv-3.4.9nb4 built with python38-3.8.5)), with an Intel(R) Core(TM) i7-4500U CPU @ 1.80GHz, 8GB of RAM, having all the images on a tmpfs filesystem...
- ➤ The RAM used (RES in top(1)) by each imglocate annotate invocation was always around 600M-700M.
- ► Each imglocate annotate invocation on average needs 53.00 seconds with 2.31 seconds of variance.
- ▶ Both memory usage, time needed and accuracy are highly dependent on the framework, weights and config used.

#### Conclusion

- By just depending on OpenCV and using its Python bindings we have seen that with imglocate is possible to easily annotate arbitrary number of images.
- By using a simple text file and format (TSV) for annotations we have seen how easy is to write possible powerful one-liners for non-trivial queries.