Package 'rectpacker'

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Type Package

Title Rectangle Packing

Version 1.0.0

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URL https://github.com/coolbutuseless/rectpacker

BugReports https://github.com/coolbutuseless/rectpacker/issues

Description Rectangle packing is a packing problem where rectangles are placed into a larger rectangular region (without overlapping) in order to maximise the use space. Rectangles are packed using the skyline heuristic as discussed in Lijun et al (2011) 'A Skyline-Based Heuristic for the 2D Rectangular Strip Packing Problem' <doi:10.1007/978-3-642-21827-9_29>. A function is also included for determining a good small-sized box for containing a given set of rectangles.

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Encoding UTF-8

RoxygenNote 7.3.2

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Suggests testthat (>= 3.0.0)

Config/testthat/edition 3

NeedsCompilation yes

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Repository CRAN

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`calc_small_box` *Find the dimensions of a small box to store all the given rectangles*

Description

This is a brute force search with a simple heuristic. Is not guaranteed to find the box with the minimum area, but simply a box that snugly fits the rectangles without too much wasted space.

Usage

```
calc_small_box(
  rect_widths,
  rect_heights,
  aspect_ratios = c(1.61803, 1/1.61803),
  verbosity = 0L
)
```

Arguments

`rect_widths`, `rect_heights`	widths and heights of the rectangles to pack.
`aspect_ratios`	Vector of box aspect ratios to be tested. Aspect ratio is defined here as `width / height`. Default: `c(1.61803, 1/1.61803)` i.e. golden ratio and its inverse.
`verbosity`	Level of debugging output. Default: 0 (no output)

Value

List with 2 elements: `width` and `height` of a small box which fits all the rectangles.

Examples

```
# Find a minimal box to fit 10 random rectangles.
# Search for boxes with aspect ratios in seq(0.5, 2, length.out = 20)
set.seed(2)
N <- 10
rect_widths  <- sample(N)
rect_heights <- sample(N)
box <- calc_small_box(rect_widths, rect_heights,
                      aspect_ratios = seq(0.5, 2, length.out = 20))
box
rects <- pack_rects(box$width, box$height, rect_widths, rect_heights)
all(rects$packed)
```

pack_rects *Pack rectangles into a box using the skyline algorithm*

Description

This implementation accepts only integer valued sizes and coordinates.

Usage

```
pack_rects(box_width, box_height, rect_widths, rect_heights)
```

Arguments

`box_width`, `box_height`
: dimensions of the box into which the rectangles will be packed. Integer values.

`rect_widths`, `rect_heights`
: widths and heights of the rectangles to pack.

Value

data.frame of packing information

`idx` Integer index of rectangle in the input

`w,h` Integer dimensions of each rectangle

`packed` Logical: Was this rectangle packed into the box?

`x,y` Integer coordinates of packing position of bottom-left of rectangle

Examples

```
# Pack 10 rectangles into a 25x25 box
# Note: All rectangles in the results have 'packed=TRUE' which
# means they all fit into the box
set.seed(1)
N <- 10
rect_widths  <- sample(N)
rect_heights <- sample(N)
pack_rects(box_width = 25, box_height = 25, rect_widths, rect_heights)
```

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